OFFERING SHEET OF COMPANY CI2, O.P.S.



Basic characteristics

Carbon footprint of a company is a measure of impact of company operations on the environment and in particular on climate change. It is an indirect indicator of the consumption of energy, products and services. The carbon footprint measures the amount of greenhouse gases which corresponds with the activities or products of the company. The carbon footprint, besides the company quality level, can be designated at other levels - national, municipal and individual. Currently it is measured and recorded by thousands of companies abroad and dozens of companies in the Czech Republic, mainly subsidiaries of multinational companies. The determination of the carbon footprint is beneficial for any company which does not ignore the impact on the environment and modern "green" image.

The main reason for establishing the company's carbon footprint is in practice a request from a client within the supplier-customer relationships (calculation crosswise the entire chain of companies), the decision of the parent company or marketing use of the carbon footprint.

Standards

Area of reporting greenhouse gas emissions from companies codifies Standard ISO 14064 - Greenhouse gases. Another internationally used standard is the GHG Protocol - corporate standard for measuring and reporting carbon footprint, used especially in Anglo-Saxon countries, while in the francophone region is an established method Bilan Carbon® and for product reviews method PAS2050 is used. These standards represent a general framework, according to which the determination of emissions and sinks of greenhouse gases is carried out as well as the carbon footprint calculation. The specific procedure is necessary to determine, depending on the type of a company and its processes.

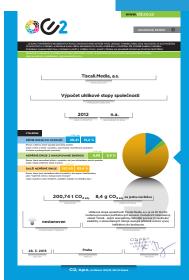


Certification and verification of calculation

The standards also define the procedure for verification of the calculations. The company CI2, o.p.s. offers the possibility of calculating the carbon footprint of a company or product according to given standards, depending on the client's requirements. Following the calculation we providean official certificate, which is valid for one year. Then, the process of calculation and certification can be carried out again. The calculation procedure is in accordance with the GHG Protocol (www.ghgprotocol.org). Externally it is possible to convey the Thumbnail of the certificate issued by organi-

verification of calculation by a third

party – internationally recognized verification agency.



zation CI2, o.p.s. - Tiscali.Media., a.s. (2013)

Measures to reduce carbon footprint

A part of the calculation of the carbon footprint is to identify its composition not only in terms of scopes, but also the factors which produce the most greenhouse gases. These factors, in the case of the client's interest, will be focused on concerning suggestions of measures to reduce the carbon footprint, including an estimation of their financial costs.

Scopes

Calculating the carbon footprint of a company is divided, according to the place of emissions into three categories:

Which activities in my company release greenhouse gases (CHG)?

Scope 1 (direct emissions) - activities which fall under a particular company and are controlled by it, in which emissions are released directly into the atmosphere. These are the direct emissions. They include, for example, emissions from furnaces in the company, company cars or emissions from industrial processes.

Scope 2 (indirect emissions from energy) - emissions associated with the consumption of purchased energy (electricity, heat, steam or cooling) which are not created directly in the company, but are the result of the company activities. These are the indirect emissions from sources, which the company does not control directly.

Scope 3 (other indirect emissions) - emissions which result from activities of the company and which are created from sources outside the control or ownership of the company, but not classified as Scope 2 (e.g. business trips by air, landfill of waste, etc.).

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Reasons for determination of carbon footprint of a company

- Cost saving identifying, which part of your activities consumes the most energy and resources and where you can look for cost reduction.
- Risk reduction Preparing for the rising prices of fossil fuels and their inclusion into business planning.
- Expansion of the business cost saving leads to increased competitiveness and expansion of your business.
- Green marketing satisfy the growing number of customers who are interested in your impact on climate and environment.
- Corporate commitment whether you are a small business or a large company, "green commitment" is more and more integrated into corporate strategy.

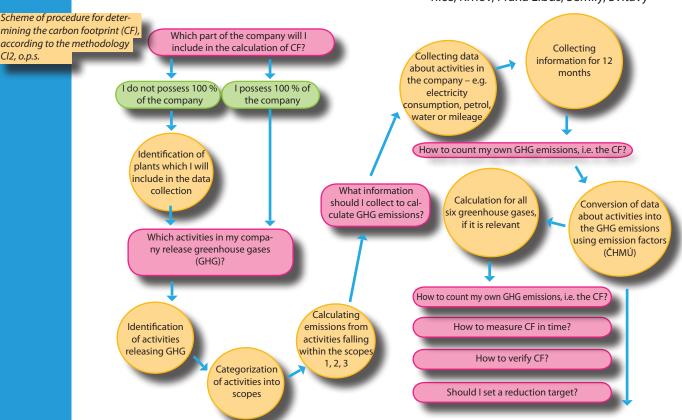
The calculation procedure

- Step 1 determining the limits of calculation

 what part of your business we will include in the calculation, what part of the production and sales cycle of products, etc.
- Step 2 determining the activities which release greenhouse gases (e.g. electricity consumption, transport, waste production).
- Step 3 data collection for each activity identified in step 2 it is necessary to collect data on an annual basis.
- Step 4 Transfer of active data on greenhouse gas emissions using emission factors.
- Step 5 Identification of measures to reduce emissions.

References

- · Tiscali Media, a.s.
- Carbon footprint of the towns: Chrudim, Jilemnice, Krnov, Praha Libuš, Semily, Svitavy



Target groups

- manufacturing companies
- Financial and banking sectors, IT, telecommunications
- Infrastructure companies
- Enterprises in the service

Links

- http://www.ci2.co.cz/en/what-carbon-footprint
- http://www.uhlikovastopa.cz
- http://www.ghgprotocol.org
- http://www.associationbilancarbone.fr

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CI2, o.p.s. is a non-profit organization focused on sustainable development, education, publishing, and science and research. Its aim is to promote sustainable development in cooperation with public authorities, private sector, educational institutions and the public.